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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/560,669	10/560,669 03/23/2007 Steven Coutre		4-33233A	2341
1095 NOVARTIS	7590 06/07/2010		EXAMINER	
CORPORATE ONE HEALTH	INTELLECTUAL PRO	JEAN-LOUIS, SAMIRA JM		
	ER, NJ 07936-1080		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1627	·
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/07/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/560,669	COUTRE, STEVEN	
Examiner	Art Unit	
SAMIRA JEAN-LOUIS	1627	
	10/560,669 Examiner	10/560,669 COUTRE, STEVEN Examiner Art Unit

	SAMIRA JEAN-LOUIS	1627	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appea	ars on the cover sheet with the d	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>16 April 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPL			
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on tapplication, applicant must timely file one of the following reapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apperfor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 Claperiods:	he same day as filing a Notice of A eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 4 months from the mailing date of this Adno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire latexaminer Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	visory Action, or (2) the date set forth iter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejectio	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the strength in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later that may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of nortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	te extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on 16 April 2010. A brief in date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or an Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be AMENDMENTS 	y extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37	7(e)), to avoid dismiss	al of the appeal.
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b (a) They raise new issues that would require further con	sideration and/or search (see NOT		cause
 (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better appeal; and/or 	•	ducing or simplifying th	ne issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a continuous NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		mpliant Amendment (F	PTOL-324).
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowed non-allowable claim(s). 		•	_
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provious The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		l be entered and an ex	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>20-39</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	sufficient reasons why the affidavi	t or other evidence is	necessary and
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to ov showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	ercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	ıl and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. ☐ The request for reconsideration has been considered but		•	
<u>.</u>		condition for alloward	oc because.
12.	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/SREENI PADMANABHAN/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1627			

The Examiner acknowledges receipt of the amended claims filed on 04/16/10. However, such amendment will not be entered as they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal.

Applicant's argument with respect to the 103(a) rejection has been fully considered. Applicant argues that such rejection is not proper as the Examiner has not established that there had been a finite number of identified, predictable potential solutions to the problem solved by the present invention. In fact, applicant argues that the prior art merely discloses a theoretical basis to experiment with kit inhibitors for the treatment of mastocytosis. Such arguments are however not found persuasive as the Examiner maintains that the prior art does indeed render obvious applicant's invention. As previously stated in the Final Rejection dated 12/17/09, Longley does indeed teach that mutations including the D816V mutation is involved in the genesis of mastocytosis. Additionally, Longley teaches that studies of various c-kit inhibitors demonstrated that such inhibitors were effective in inhibiting both wild type and mutated c-kit and further suggested the use of kit inhibitors for the treatment of mastocytosis. Consequently, the Examiner contends that a finite number of solutions was indeed given by the prior art and that is the use of kit inhibitors for the treatment of mastocytosis including the form dealing with the D816V mutation. Longley did not teach the use midostaurin for treating mastocytosis. Goekijan however teaches that midostaurin is known to achieve a greater level of kinase selectivity of c-kit and potential therapeutic index along with non-toxic side effects. As a result, the Examiner contends that one of ordinary skill in the art would have indeed found it obvious to try midostaurin (a c-kit inhibitor as taught by Goekjian) for the treatment of mastocytosis since Goekjian teaches that such inhibitor is highly selective and possesses no toxic side effects. While applicant argues that many of the kit inhibitors tested yielded results that could be seen as non-effective against mastocytosis that is resistant to imatinib, such arguments are not persuasive as Longley clearly demonstrated that the kit-inhibitors were effective at various levels. Again, the examiner reminds applicant that treatment does not equate to 100% cure and given that all inhibitors exerted some inhibitory effects, one of ordinary skill in the art would have indeed found it obvious to try midostaurin and would have had a reasonable expectation of success.

Applicant's arguments that the disclosures of Longley and Ma would not lead a skilled artisan to reasonably expect for kit inhibitors to be useful for treating mastocytosis that is imatinib resistant and which possesses a KIT mutation have been fully considered. Such arguments are however not found persuasive as the Examiner contends that Ma teaches that adult mastocytosis which is characterized by mutations in the c-kit codon 816, the same mutation tested by Longley, were resistant to imatinib but possessed the same D816V mutation. Consequently, the Examiner contends that it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art to try midostaurin in the treatment of mastocytosis resistant to imatinib since Ma teaches that such imatinib resistant mastocytosis form also possessed a D816V mutation and in view of Longley who demonstrated that c-kit inhibitors were effective in inhibiting c-kit in cells with D816V mutation and in further view of Goejian who teaches that midostaurin is highly selective against the c-kit kinase. Though applicant stipulated that a long felt need was met by the invention the Examiner respectfully points out that a long-felt need also requires objective evidence that an art recognized problem existed in the art for a long period of time without solution. In such a case, the Examiner maintains that a solution was indeed provided by Longley and Goekjian in view of Ma and thus one of ordinary skill in the art based on such disclosure would have had a reasonable expectation of success in treating mastocytosis and imatinib-resistant mastocytosis given the disclosure of Longley.

Thus, for the foregoing reasons, the Examiner maintains that the rejections of record were indeed proper and are therefore maintained.